





[COAST RECORD.]  
**BALDWIN SITE SOLD.****PORTION OF HOTEL PROPERTY PASSES FROM "LUCKY."**

James L. Flood is the Purchaser—Deposit Made at the Hibernia Bank to Bind the Sale.

Final Consummation of the Transaction May Be Opposed—Foreclosure Suit Will Probably Be Brought.

Daring Hold-up at Usal—Irrigation Questions Discussed—Attorney Convinced of Forgery—Rains in the North.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—An agreement for the sale or a portion of the site of the old Baldwin Hotel was entered into and signed today. A deposit of \$10,000 was placed with the Hibernia Bank by James L. Flood, the purchaser, to bind the sale. The sale that was effected today includes 186 feet front on Market street, 22 ft. sin. at the gore, and 175 feet on Powell street. The price agreed on was \$1,100,000. The agreement was signed by Flood in person, and by Thomas Magee, representing E. J. Baldwin.

It is stated that Baldwin will oppose the consummation of the sale. Baldwin claims that Thomas Magee was not authorized to sell at the figure agreed on. He contends that to sell it for the price named, leaving him with the less desirable portion, for which only \$300,000 could hope to be obtained, would be virtually selling the hotel site for \$1,400,000, a preposterously inadequate sum, according to his views.

The Hibernia Bank is much interested in the sale of enough Baldwin property to pay off the indebtedness of \$1,550,000 due to that institution.

Although the security for the principal is excellent, Baldwin has fallen behind in the payment of his interest, which amounts to \$100,000 a year. Great was the bank's disappointment, therefore, when Baldwin, after his arrival from the southland, declared he could not be forced to sell a part so far below his estimate of \$2,000,000 as the value of the entire hotel site.

The filing of the agreement to sell by Flood and Magee is the first step. The next one may be the filing of a foreclosure suit by the Hibernia Bank. This would require some weeks to conclude, after which Baldwin would have a year in which to redeem the property.

**THEY GAVE HIM THE SACK.**  
EXCITING HOLD-UP.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
COVELO, Nov. 9.—Advised by telephones from Laytonville gave details of an exciting hold-up of a saloon at Usal. The hold-up, during the night before dark, two strangers drove up hurriedly, and after slipping cheesclothes masks over their faces, covered Proprietor Freitag and seven guests with revolvers. One of the bandits demanded that Freitag put his money in a sack, and at the same time tossed him another. The other ordered the seven guests to remain quiet.

Freitag demurred a moment, and the robbers threatened to shoot him. Instantly, following his command, a shot rang out, the bullet just grazing Freitag's shoulder. The proprietor immediately placed all his available cash in a sack, and the robbers cautiously fled, with a parting warning to remain still. They jumped into a buckboard and started toward Round Valley.

Freitag declines to state the amount of his loss, but it is believed it will exceed \$2000. Officers immediately started in pursuit of the robbers. There is no clue to their identity.

**NEW POINTS ON HABEAS CORPUS.**  
SUPREME COURT DECISION.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The Supreme Court has handed down a decision involving a case of habeas corpus in which points were raised that had never been judicially passed upon before. In the insane asylum at Napa is a man named Hugh Buchanan, who had been committed by the Superior Court of Yuba county, pending his trial upon a charge of murder. A petition for habeas corpus was then presented to Judge E. D. Ham of the Superior Court of Napa, setting forth that the patient had recovered his sanity and was entitled to be discharged from the asylum. The Sheriff of Yuba county was placed on trial. Judge Ham issued the writ, making it returnable before the acting judge of the court, who was Judge Joseph P. Jones of Contra Costa county.

Superintendent Dr. A. M. Gardner of the Napa asylum made return of the writ, showing the commitment of Buchanan, who, he alleged, had not recovered his sanity. He claimed that Buchanan cannot be delivered to the Sheriff of Yuba county except upon the certificate of the superintendent of the asylum, since the court had recovered his sanity. Judge Jones decided that the superintendent's point was not well made, and insisted upon the command of the writ being complied with.

An opinion written by Commissioner Chipman, the decision of Judge Jones continuing, states: "In England, in a concurring paragraph, adds that the right to the benefits of habeas corpus is sacred and cannot be abridged."

**TERRILL GUILTY OF FORGERY.**  
OTHER CHARGES PENDING.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN JOSE, Nov. 9.—Samuel B. Terrill, the attorney, was found guilty by a jury in the Superior Court this evening of the forgery of a mortgage, having previously been convicted of the forgery of a note. The amount was \$350 in each instance and R. J. Howke was the prosecuting witness. Terrill was his own attorney, and obtained a recommendation to mercy. There are several more charges pending against him.

**FEAST FOR THE ASTRONOMERS.**  
METEORIC SHOWER.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
BERKELEY, Nov. 9.—The big meteor shower which astronomers predict for next week, is to be made a subject of special study by the department of astronomy in the University of California. Under the direction of Prof. Armin O. Leuschner preparations are being made for such records to be taken as will prove of interest

to the general public. Special observations will be conducted in conjunction with the observatory at Mount Hamilton, and records be taken and special features noted.

The special object to be obtained is the determination of the radiant, the point in which the paths of the different meteors, if produced, would meet. The second object of this point is necessary for the determination of the orbit of the meteors about the sun. The third is the determination of the radiant point a count of the number of meteors appearing at given intervals will be kept, in order to find out the densest portion of the swarm.

**CALIFORNIA IRRIGATION.**  
QUESTIONS DISCUSSED.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The San Francisco delegation to the convention to be held next week under the call of the California State Association for the Storage of Flood Waters met this evening at the Palace Hotel, and made preliminary arrangements for the convention, which will be called to order next Tuesday morning.

Incidentally the subject of the opposition of the delegations from Southern California to the State plan was discussed. President Thomas Sanz said there were points in the National Irrigation Association's plan upon which the advocates of the State plan could agree.

He believed that all were agreed that the water should be taken from the streams all that the government could give, but he reiterated that the government has no ownership of the water in a stream, nor does it own the bed of the stream, and that all its rights, constitutionally, in the matter of regulation, are those of navigation between States and with foreign countries; also that if the government were to construct storage reservoirs for the purpose of maintaining the levels of rivers, there could be no help for irrigators from that source. The meeting was well attended. Chief Justice Beatty presided.

**THIRTY-SIX HOURS OF RAIN.**  
NAPA'S EXPERIENCE.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
NAPA, Nov. 9.—Rain began falling early Wednesday morning, and continued for thirty-six hours, with brief intervals. There is more rain in prospect. Four and three-hundredths inches fell up to this morning, making a total for the season of 4.75 inches.

**EXCEEDINGLY LIGHT.**  
(A. P. DAY REPORT.)  
SAN JOSE, Nov. 9.—No rain fell here last night, and only exceedingly light showers today.

**NEVADA ROADS IMPASSABLE.**  
(A. P. DAY REPORT.)  
NEVADA, Nov. 9.—Two and a half inches of rain fell last night, making the season's total to date 15.02 inches. Mountain streams are rising rapidly, and roads are impassable for large teams. The storm shows no signs this morning of abating.

**BROOKLYN MAN GOES INSANE.**  
COMMITTED TO AGNEWS.

(A. P. DAY REPORT.)  
SAN JOSE, Nov. 9.—Frank Smith, whose home is in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he has a family, and who is said to have been a drummer for a big New York house, was committed to Agnews Asylum here this morning. He had driven wildly about the valley last night, killing one horse and ruining another.

It appears that he was not well, and came here for a rest. He is totally deranged, and claims to have millions and to be preparing to build a railroad from San Francisco to Los Angeles. He has relatives by marriage here, and they say he left home with \$1500. He has no money now. He is about 40 years old.

**STEAMER MAULE'S DYNAMITE.**  
MAY HAVE EXPLODED.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The Examiner tomorrow will say: "Three tons of dynamite were stored in the hold of the little Salvadoran steamer Maule which sailed from this port on September 30 for El Triunfo by way of San Diego. The vessel has not been heard from since she sailed out through the Heads. Shipping men are of the opinion that the dynamite exploded during the voyage and that the little steamer has been totally destroyed."

**TANFORAN PARK WINNERS.**  
CAMPOS WALKOVER.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The Tanforan Park was slow today, owing to the mud, and there were several surprises to the talent. Dr. Sheppard, at 1 to 5, and Marcato at 3 to 5, came in first, but owing to the good riding of Eddie Jones, Campos, a 10-to-1 shot, came in an easy winner. The five-furlong race for two-year-olds was won by Racetto, which sold as good as 6 to 1.

The crowd unloaded on Tullamore, the mount of Burns, to win the closing five-furlong dash, and Potente struck the wire fourth. For him, Burns led a long spell by a nose, turned into the stretch for home, while J. Walsh, on Potente, cut across, winning cleverly, Flanagan, a 50-to-1 chance, backed down to 8 to 1, ran into the show.

**SUMMARY.**

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—Weather was cloudy and the track muddy. Results:

Five furlongs, two-year-olds: Racetto 107 (Devlin), 7 to 2, won; Burdock, 107 (Morgan), 8 to 5, second; Gold Flinger, 107 (Jones), 8 to 5, third; time 1:04:29. March 10, Tom Sharkey and Miss Sophie also ran.

Six furlongs, selling: Campus, 108 (Jones), 10 to 1, won; Castake, 102 (Walsh) 12 to 5, second; Strome, 102 (Burns), 7 to 2, third; time 1:17:4. July 10, Carl Wellington and Billie Smith also ran.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Chumura, 101 (Burns) 4 to 5 won; Road Runner, 113 (Macklin) 5 to 1, second; Ballista, 101 (Ranch) 6 to 5, third; time 1:56:1.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Dr. Shappard, 101 (Burns) 5 to 1, won; Morinel, 107 (Morgan) 6 to 1, second; El Estro, 93 (Martin) 6 to 1, third; time 1:51:5. Three horses started.

Six furlongs handicap: Marcato, 100 (Devlin) 1 to 8, won; Rio Chico, 102 (Burns), 1 to 10, second; Afamada, 100 (Jones) completed with Marcato; time 1:16:4. Lena Maria also ran.

**FORTY-SIXTH SAILS TODAY.**  
ANOTHER FOLLOWS.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The Forty-sixth United States Volunteer Infantry Regiment will sail for the transports City of Sydney and Pathan. The Forty-sixth will be closely followed by the Forty-fifth, which will sail Monday on the transports Senator and Ben Mohr.

**Continuance in Welburn Case.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The criminal cases against O. M. Welburn, who are set for trial in the United States District Court on Monday, will probably be continued. W. L. Zoller, an important witness for the government, is in Acapulco, and will not return for six months. Unless the defense will consent to the reading of Zoller's testimony as given at a former trial, the government will ask for a continuance.

**Killed by His Son.**

PORTERVILLE, Nov. 9.—At Plano, a small town a mile and a half south of here, Rees Martin was shot and instantly killed by his fourteen-year-old son Alfred. The young man accused his father of shooting him. A quarrel ensued, and the son discharged both barrels of a shotgun at the old man, causing instant death. He claims that he acted in self-defense.

**Miles at San Francisco.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—Major Nelson A. Miles arrived tonight from an inspection tour through Oregon and Washington. While here he will inspect the new fortifications at Fort Point and Baker. From here he will go as far south as San Diego.

**No Triple Murder Known.**

PORTLAND (Ore.), Nov. 9.—Nothing is known at police headquarters concerning a triple murder committed in this State twenty-four years ago, for which Joe McCarthy, a miner, is said to have been arrested at Lead, S. D.

**FEAST FOR THE ASTRONOMERS.**  
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[SPORTING RECORD.]  
**JEFFRIES AT LARGE.****HE DID NOT VIOLATE THE HORTON LAW.**

Several Witnesses Go So Far as to State in Court That His So-called Exhibition Was not Bonafide.

Gus Ruhein, the Ohio Giant, Posts One Thousand Dollars at Gotham for a Battle with the Champion.

"Kid McCoy" Takes Another Scalp—Extravagant Odds at Lakeside—Bloody Fight at Newport—Reiffs' Successes.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Jim Jeffries, the prize fighter, his brother John and Robert Biele, manager of a music hall, who were arrested Monday night on a charge of violating the Horton law regarding boxing were discharged in the Police Court today. Several witnesses testified that the exhibition given by Jeffries was not at all a bona fide boxing contest.

**CORBETT THE NEXT.**  
BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] James J. Corbett is to come out of his pugilistic retirement and fight James J. Jeffries for the championship and all the money that a well-advertised fight will draw. W. A. Brady, manager for Jeffries, said yesterday that he had promised Corbett the match, and that he would keep his word. He added that there would be a meeting in a few days to settle the articles.

Corbett has been saying all along that he would get the first fight with Jeffries, and today, when somebody disputed him, he offered to bet \$1000 that he would be the first to sign with and fight the new champion. Corbett was elated tonight when he was told what Brady had said. He said Jeffries could take him time, and that he did not expect to fight for six months.

**CHALLENGE BY RUHLIN.**  
(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Gus Ruhein today posted \$1000 for a fight with James J. Jeffries.

**FITZ WANTS A CHANCE.**  
(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Martin Julian, manager for Robert Fitzsimmons, today posted \$2000, and issued a challenge to James J. Jeffries in behalf of the ex-champion. In a statement accompanying the challenge Julian announces that he will leave his money up for two weeks, and if he wins it up for that time, he will have covered by Jeffries another match made, he will "leave it to the public to decide who is afraid, and whether or not the present champion is a weakling." Jeffries fears that he will be beaten.

When W. A. Brady, Jeffries' manager, was shown Julian's statement on behalf of Fitzsimmons, he said: "Oh, let Fitzsimmons and Sharkey fight, and then I'll match Jeffries against the winner."

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**FIVE FURLONGS.**

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—The Five furlongs, selling: Tom Galney won, time 1:30:4.

Mile selling: Monk Wayman won, McCleary second, Lee Bruno, third; time 1:42:4.

Five furlongs: Miss Shanahan won, Larkspur second; My Butterfly third; time





## NOTICE TO PATRONS.

"Liner" advertisements for The Times left at the following places will receive prompt attention. Rate: one cent word each insertion. Minimum charge for any advertisement, 15 cents:

- F. D. Owen's Drug Store, Belmont Avenue and Temple street.
- Boyle Heights Drug Store, 1952 East First street.
- Cheng's Pharmacy, F. J. Knell, Ph. G., prop., Central avenue and Temple street.
- National Pharmacy, corner Sixteenth and Grand avenue.
- H. W. Dussek's Drug Store, Twenty-fourth and Hoover.

The Times will receive at a minimum charge of 50 cents "Liner" advertisements by telephone, but will not guarantee accuracy.

## Liners

## SPECIAL NOTICES

## CREAM CARAMELS

CHOCOLATE CARAMELS,  
HANDBEDDED CANDIES,  
PEANUT CRISP,  
CHEWING CANDIES,  
CANDY COOKIES,  
AT 244 S. BROADWAY.

REED, HUBLE & FRIESE FIRST STREET NEAR Main. Our rooms are filling up rapidly. You can have a room or two to live in, engage a room with us while you can. Room \$12 to \$25 per week. 25 to 30 per night.

WE PAY MIN. PRICES FOR ALL KINDS of gold, bullion, old gold, jewelry and silver, etc. JAMES H. IRVING, 244 S. BROADWAY.

L. A. STREAM CARPET CLEANING CO. WILL clean your carpets at 20 per yard, wash and lay at 20 per square yard. 244 S. BROADWAY. Tel. main 747. Redding a specialty. J. F. BENNETT, Prop.

MME. DIMINORE, CROOLE CATERESS, will serve dinners, lunches, soups, etc., on short notice. Leave orders at 232 NORMWOOD ST. Tel. white 244.

PLANT - RUBBER - CLOTHES - MACKINTOSHES - fully guaranteed waterproof, from the manufacturers, in latest eastern styles and materials. M. LILIAN VELVET, 244 S. BROADWAY.

C. C. COFFEE CO. OF DONATO, W. P. Located 49 W. Seventh. Phone James 35.

NOTICE TO REAL ESTATE BROKERS. Please send all information from the market. Mrs. J. M. PATTEN, 102 W. 25th st. 10.

COPPERPLATE CALLING CARDS. 100 Pcs. hundred. DILLINGHAM'S, 215 W. Second st. 10.

MRS. M. H. BEHNKE, STENOGRAPHER, general housework. Telephone, from 8 to 2, 2100, blue 889.

WANTED - SITUATION BY A JAPANESE COOK, young woman; good references. KAWAUCHI, 445 S. Olive.

WANTED - SITUATION FOR JAPANESE, first-class cook family. Address M. Box 200, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED - SITUATION, CHAMBERMAID, for room and meals, by intelligent wife and little daughter. Address M. Box 200, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED - COMPETENT ENGLISH MAID desires employment at once, good references. Call at Y.W.C.A. between 10 and 11 Monday.

WANTED - BY EXPERIENCED WOMAN, general housework. Telephone, from 8 to 2, 2100, blue 889.

WANTED - SITUATION, CHAMBERMAID, for room and meals, by intelligent wife and little daughter. Address M. Box 200, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED - TO PURCHASE FOR CASH, A modern, quiet, modern cottage, well built, location west or southwest, on or near car line, to receive attention, a full description of the property, with price, to be sent to 244 S. BROADWAY, included in answer. Address M. Box 400, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED - A ROOMING HOUSE IN EXCHANGE for a new piano and cash, CHARLES W. ALLEN, 115 and 116 Hillman Block, Second and Broadway.

WANTED - SECOND-HAND PRINTING press, running order; print to size; mention price. Address M. Box 53, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED - IF YOU WANT TO SELL OR EXCHANGE, PLEASE CALL ON US AND TALK WITH US. I. H. PRESTON, 294 Stimson Block.

WANTED - DINING-ROOM CHAIRS, tables and French range must be in good condition. Call at 244 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED - 15-20' H.P. PORTABLE BOILER must be good condition and stand test. Address H. 294 Stimson Office.

WANTED - TO RENT STOCKS AND MATERIALS, small or large, Adams Phillips Co., 315 S. Broadway.

WANTED - A GOOD COW, GIVING 3 gallons milk, not over \$30. 406 S. MAIN.

WANTED - TO RENT, CASH, 100' x 70' x 12' room, windows and doors, 244 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED - TO PURCHASE FOR CASH, TO change for a new piano and cash, CHARLES W. ALLEN, 115 and 116 Hillman Block, Second and Broadway.

WANTED - TO RENT, NICE, NEARLY FURNISHED HOUSE, 6 rooms or more. E. L. HOPPER & CO., 212-214 Wilcox Blk.

WANTED - TO LEASE GRAIN LAND, address G. A. GREELEY, Compton, Cal. 12.

WANTED - TO LEASE, 100' x 100' x 12' room, windows and doors, 244 S. BROADWAY.

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Full particulars, together with catalogues, circulars, etc., of universities, colleges and private schools advertised in these columns can be had free of charge by calling at the TIMES FREE INFORMATION BUREAU, 401 W. BROADWAY, COR. FIRST AND BROADWAY.

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## AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

BURBANK.—Truly, (Matines, Media Gabler.)  
ORTHEME WADDELLINE.—A Dream of Promise.

## THE ELECTIONS AND EXPANSION.

A Washington dispatch reports the President as being pleased at the results of the elections held in various States on Tuesday. The President certainly has ample reason to be pleased with these results. In view of the active campaign which was made against the administration in some quarters, and the general feeling, whether justifiable or not, that the President and his Philippine policy were in some way on trial, the results achieved by the Republicans on Tuesday can be regarded in no other light, than as a triumph and a vindication for the administration, so far as contests almost wholly local in character can have bearing upon national affairs. If our friends the enemy choose to regard the late elections as a popular verdict upon the policy of the administration, Republicans certainly have no just cause for complaint; for the results, with one or two unimportant exceptions, were all that could reasonably have been desired or expected by the most ardent friends and supporters of the administration.

But some of our opponents are claiming that the elections held on Tuesday were not in any true sense of the word a test of the sentiments of the American people on the question of expansion. This claim, with some qualifications, is undoubtedly true. To begin with, it was not a test of the sentiments of the American people, because only a comparatively small proportion of the American people participated in Tuesday's elections. The vast majority are still unheard on this subject, and will not be definitely and decisively heard until they are permitted to cast their ballots at the national election of 1900. At that election the administration will be on trial in very truth, and upon the result it must stand or fall. If the Democratic party, as now seems altogether probable, sees fit to take a position squarely in opposition to expansion, the issues of the campaign will be clearly defined, and there will be little or no doubt as to the significance of the popular verdict. Then we shall indeed have a true test-vote of this vitally-important question.

But the opponents of the administration need not felicitate themselves that the American people are not with the President in his Philippine policy, because only a small proportion of the people had an opportunity to express their opinions at the polls on Tuesday. The vast, voiceless majority is to some extent an unknown quantity, it is true; but there is every reason to believe that if the election had been of national extent, instead of being restricted to a few States, the result would have been an even more emphatic endorsement of the administration. So far as it went, the election was certainly an endorsement of the administration; but there were thousands of Republicans in the States where elections were held who refrained from voting on Tuesday, for the simple reason that no great national issues were at stake, and their interest in the local issues voted upon was not sufficient to take them to the polls.

The Republican majority in Ohio, large as it is, would unquestionably have been much larger if the election had been a national instead of a State one. The same is true of New York, of Massachusetts, of New Jersey, and in fact of nearly or quite all of the States in which elections were held on Tuesday. It is, by no means certain that even the State of Maryland would not have lined up solidly in the Republican column, if the issue of trade and territorial expansion had been presented squarely for decision at the late election; and it is almost certain that several of the Southern States would have supported the administration stanchly on that issue.

The opponents of the administration, therefore, have cause to congratulate themselves rather on the fact that the question of expansion was not strictly in evidence at Tuesday's election, than on the fact that it entered in some remote degree into the campaign. If the question had been voted upon directly by the American people, the probabilities are that Bryan would now be a "has been" beyond all doubt or peradventure, instead of being an expectant Presidential candidate.

Although there was a slight vote polled in Pennsylvania the Republican candidate, State Treasurer, Col. Barrett, on whom a particularly bitter fight was made, had a plurality of something like 10,000. What his plurality would have been had Pennsylvania polled a heavy vote is a matter worth speculating about.

Under the old-Connecticut blue laws the making of mince pies was a criminal offense. Now that they have revived the ancient azure ordinance against kissing in that State, the pie builders of the commonwealth would do well to watch a little out.

## THE TRAITORS OF 1812.

The course of some of the citizens of Massachusetts with respect to the conduct of affairs in our Far Eastern possessions calls to mind the attitude of a portion of the people of that State in the war of 1812 between this country and Great Britain. Some of the points of resemblance between conditions now and then have been indicated by the San Francisco Chronicle. At that time Massachusetts was not alone in her opposition to the course of this nation, but other parts of New England voiced its disapproval of the declaration of war against the mother country in words and by acts that were clearly seditious and treasonable. As the Chronicle points out, "cattle were driven in great herds across the border into Canada to feed the English armies, and in other respects the national enemy was almost openly favored."

The Governor of Vermont not only discouraged the enlistment of volunteers, but issued an order for the return home of regiments of that State in New York; and the patriotic answer of the volunteers was, "We will continue in the service of our country till discharged, and we regard your proclamation with mingled emotions of pity and contempt." The Chronicle adds: "This noble response—substantially such as was given by some of the volunteer regiments in the Philippines—goes far to relieve the gallant little State that has given our navy a Dewey, from the obliquity of a shameful defeat."

This action on the part of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation is timely, and in the right direction. For something like half a century the gold dollar has been the standard of value in this country, in fact if not altogether in name. There can be, in point of fact, but one standard of value, and gold has been that standard in the United States for almost fifty years, in reality, although our currency laws have apparently recognized silver as being also a standard of value. The business of the country has been transacted upon the gold basis during all these years. Gold is, and has long been, the world's standard of value, and our recognition of silver in that capacity was at best a mere fiction. It is time for this fiction to be abandoned. We are "up against the real thing" in good truth, and that fact may as well receive official and statutory recognition first as last.

It is a settled thing that we are to continue to do business on the gold basis, from now on. The American people are not so foolish as to disregard the object-lesson which they have had within the past three years, as to the benefits of an honest and stable currency, and an honest and stable standard of value. Beyond all question, they will vote overwhelmingly, when given the opportunity to do so, in favor of the indefinite maintenance of the gold standard. Such being the case, it is desirable, from every point of view, that an honest, straightforward declaration of our intentions be made, to the end that there shall be no misunderstanding in the premises.

The Republican party can well afford to make such a declaration in its next platform, and to abide the issue should its opponents decide to declare again in favor of free silver coinage and the so-called "double standard." Courage and outspokenness in this matter will be infinitely better than an attempt to straddle or to evade the issue. If the framers of the next Republican National platform are wise in their generation, they will see to it that this issue is fairly decided by an unequivocal declaration in favor of the single gold standard. This will be the safest, the most courageous, and the wisest course.

## THE POLICE WAR.

For the time, being reigns in the Warsaw of the rival Police Commissions, pending legal action to determine which of the bodies is to conduct the affairs of that department, always, of course, under the immediate direction, supervision and domination of the "high five" in the City Council, provided that this meddlesome majority is to be permitted to have its way. However, as the city charter specifies that the Police Commission shall be composed of the Mayor and four other members, regularly appointed by the City Council, it is difficult to understand how the rump commission can be considered a legal body. On the face of the returns, the Mayor appears to hold the key to the situation. No commission can do business legally without him.

The Mayor's suggestion, looking to a clearing up of the present imbroglio by the appointment of an entirely new commission, certainly has its merits. Mr. Eaton proposes that the three commercial bodies of the city—the Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade and Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association—shall each nominate four men for appointment on the commission, and that from these twelve, thus selected, the Council shall appoint the new board. This would appear to be entirely fair, reasonable and proper, notwithstanding it does not appear to suit the "high five" in the saddle; but if the majority of the City Council has the good of the city at heart, instead of the doing of cheap politics, it should agree to this solution of the problem which now presents itself in this municipality.

We are confident that the three organizations mentioned will select men who cannot be cajoled by politicians, nor driven by a bare majority in the Council; consequently a commission thus constituted should prove efficient. This police department question should be speedily settled, and settled right. The people demand that the department shall be divorced from politics entirely, and that malcontent members of the force shall be promptly fired at the first sign of an insurrection on their part. No concern can be dominated by subordinates and achieve success; certainly not the police force of a city the size of Los Angeles. The subject is tiresome, particularly to citizens who pay the taxes; and they have a right demand that an end shall soon be reached, that that end shall be discipline, good service, peace, harmony and loyalty in the police department.

Let us not be too hasty in our judgment on the member of the Montana Legislature who has been accused of stealing sheep. Perhaps he may be elected Governor some day.

New Jersey, once Democratic, now has a Republican legislative majority on joint ballot of thirty-five. This shows that even in New Jersey the world has a move on it.

## UNMITIGATED IMPUDENCE.

S. Gompers and other "labor" mountebanks of the same ilk have had a great deal to say, in the past, about "government by injunction," by reason of the timely interference of the courts in their pet schemes of rioting and bloodshed. But it has remained for the Chicago Federation of Labor to demand the establishment of government by trades-unionism. The labor unions of that city, according to a recent dispatch, have determined to ask the City Council to adopt an ordinance denying police protection to all non-union men who continue to work on a job upon which a strike has been ordered! The Federation of Labor, it is further stated, will urge the movement, and the demand is to be made upon the City Council of the Windy City next Monday night.

The unmitigated gall of this proposition passes all comprehension. Organized impudence and selfish fanaticism can no further go. If the City Council should accede to this infamous demand, the effect would be in fact to establish in that city a government of trades unions, by trades unions, for trades unions. Under such a regime the members of these proscriptive organizations might well say, in the language of a certain railroad magnate, "The people be d—d!" They would have an undoubted "cinch" on the whole labor proposition, and could exercise their despotic power at pleasure, without let or hindrance.

The people of the country, outside of Chicago, will watch with considerable interest this attempt on the part of these organized conspirators to pervert the principles, purposes and methods of free government. It is barely possible that the City Council of Chicago will be weak enough to entertain the monstrous proposition of these men; for politicians are proverbially cowardly, and too often, under the pressure of cowardice, play such fantastic tricks before high heaven as make the angels weep. But if the politicians of the Chicago Council should yield to the importunities of these conspirators, and should enact the law which they demand, the trouble would be by no means ended. It would, rather, be only just begun. Such a law would be contrary to the statutory laws of every State in the Union, and would, moreover, be directly in violation of the letter and the spirit of the Constitution of the United States, which is the Magna Charta of our liberties, the palladium of our civil rights. No law so one-sided and unjust could be enforced anywhere under the jurisdiction of the American flag. An attempt to enforce it would lead to an immediate appeal to the courts; and no court in the country would for a moment sustain so narrow and silly an enactment.

It seems incredible that men having sufficient intelligence to keep outside of institutions for the care of the feeble-minded, could seriously entertain a proposition so monstrous as the one above referred to. The fact that the Chicago trades-unionists do entertain it seriously is proof conclusive that they have minds so perverted and prejudiced that they are unable to perceive the great principles of right, of truth, and of justice. If their minds were not so perverted, they would perceive that the laws, whether State, municipal, or national, are for the protection and restraint of all the people who come under their jurisdiction, and not for the protection and restraint of any particular class. They would further perceive that the non-union workmen in the city of Chicago, as well as everyone else, far outnumber those who belong to trades unions, and that to ask the City Council to legislate in the interest of a minority, as against the interest of a majority, is in itself an impudent proposition—a proposition too ridiculous to be seriously entertained, even if the Council had a perfect right to entertain it, which it has not. The non-union men of Chicago are citizens and taxpayers, and as such are as much entitled to the full protection of the law and of the officers charged with the duty of executing and enforcing the law as are the members of trades unions, or any other class of men.

The City Council, as a simple matter of fact, has no power whatever to enact any laws which are designed to confer protection upon one class of citizens which is denied to others. Under the protecting aegis of that charter of our liberties, the Constitution of the United States, there can be no discriminations in this matter, but the laws must apply alike to all. The attempt of the Chicago trades unions to pervert the machinery of municipal government to their uses in the flagrant manner proposed will fail miserably, as it ought, even though the Chicago City Council should show a willingness to subserve the ends of the conspirators. There are higher legislative bodies than the Chicago City Council, and there are higher courts than those of Chicago. These higher tribunals would be called upon without delay to pass upon the validity of a law so preposterous as the one proposed. And they would condemn such a law.

With 65,000 Republican majority in Massachusetts, E. Ag. Atkinson must feel like pinning for a lodge in some vast wilderness in the Island of Luzon, close to Aguinaldo's moving headquarters. The general business of the country is so lively that the unesteemed Espere is getting vastly more traffic than it deserves, much more, indeed, than it can get but for the pressure upon other lines. Thus we see that even prosperity has its drawbacks.

We beg to advise Cousin George and his bride that Los Angeles is a famous Mecca for coining young couples who have just been newly wed. Come West, Admiral, and enjoy your honeymoon among the riotous roses of the salubrious South.

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The admiral makes no more fuss about getting married than he did in sinking a fleet. This is another point where he shows his greatness above most other men.

Senator Depew is quoted as saying: "I regard this election as an endorsement of President McKinley's administration." Right you are, Chauncey!

The returns from Ohio would appear to indicate that Mr. Nash is still running. So is John R. McLean, but the latter is on a toboggan slide.

The news that is drizzling out of South Africa is nothing but a drizzle, and we will have to let it go at that for the time being.

The Tsar's visit to the Kaiser was scarcely more than a party call, if the length of it is to be considered.

Perhaps the Boers have caught the fire-on-a-white-flag habit from our enemy in the Philippines.

We stop the press-to-state that we came Mississippi to the Democrats.

It is probably useless to refer to the sad accident of yesterday, in which a little child who was being carried on a bicycle was thrown in front of a locomotive and fatally injured, in the hope that other parents will refrain from this foolish practice of carrying small children upon the handle-bars of a wheel; still we submit that even the most reckless man or woman ought to

be aware that a child should never be carried upon so insecure a vehicle as a cranky bicycle. Even the most expert rider knows how easily one can be thrown because of a wet car track or a slippery street, or how even a little pebble may at times cost the rider a bad fall. Had the proposed ordinance against this practice of carrying children on bicycles been passed some time ago, the frightful casualty of yesterday would have been avoided and everlasting sorrow and remorse been spared the man who was responsible for it.

Senator J. K. Hopeful Optimistic Jones of Arkansas, and likewise chairman of the Democratic National Committee, says he is "satisfied." That is what we like about Jones. Everything suits him, no matter what happens. If a meteor should hit him in the back of the neck some night, he would be tickled half to death, and if a train of cars loaded with hogs should run over him lengthwise, crosswise and cornerwise, he would come up smiling and crowing with the glee of a pickaninny whose face is buried in a watermelon. Jones is one perpetual burst of political sunshine; he is never an eclipse, and there is no cloud so murky that the gleam of his rays cannot penetrate it. Jones, as he is one large, double-breasted joy, as big as a house and lot on the side of a hill.

The cavalry saber, about which many unkind remarks are wont to be made by men in the military service, appears to have redeemed itself in the fighting at Ladysmith on Friday and Saturday last. According to a cablegram from Durban, the town of Ladysmith is crowded with Boer prisoners and wounded, the latter presenting horrible evidence of the swordsmanship of the cavalry. The trusty saber never misses fire, and if the wielder of it can get his enemy within range, it is a mighty effective weapon. The details of this cavalry fight should be vastly interesting.

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The St. Louis Globe-Democrat wants to know what Secretary Long proposes to do with two more battleships of the Olympic class, when there is only one Dewey. Perhaps he wishes to use them in the development of some more Deweys. There is no telling when we may need a few of the same in our business.

Paris is struggling manfully to become the Mole St. Nicholas of the present situation. A report comes from there that 600 of the members of the Fifth Lancers were killed, wounded or taken prisoners, and 400 horses were captured by the Boers. The wish is probably father-in-law of this cablegram.

Thus do we see that Massachusetts and the remainder of New England had their Atkins, their Hoars, and their Boutwells in those earlier times when our soldiers upon the land and our sailors upon the sea were fighting with surpassing valor the battles of their country, and earning for the nation of Uncle Sam that place which it has now finally attained among the powers of the world.

It appears extraordinary that a country which has given birth to a Garrison, a Phillips, a Whittier, a Lowell and that long line of leaders contemporary with them in the battle for freedom, should also house a band of tories whose objects and aims have ever been to embarrass our government in its defense of the nation's honor, and who should attempt to stay the course of the combatants in the interest of a minority, as against the interest of a majority, in itself an impudent proposition—too ridiculous to be seriously entertained, even if the Council had a perfect right to entertain it, which it has not. The non-union men of Chicago are citizens and taxpayers, and as such are as much entitled to the full protection of the law and of the officers charged with the duty of executing and enforcing the law as are the members of trades unions, or any other class of men.

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## THE PUBLIC SERVICE. BAD POLICE TANGLE.

LEGAL ACTION IS DEFERRED  
UNTIL AFTER MONDAY.

Deemed Best to Have a Fourth Member  
Appointed Before Instituting Quo-  
warranto Proceedings—Park  
Commission.

Mrs. Edna Belle Brown, Disinherited,  
Contests the Will of Her Father  
in Judge Mahon's  
Court.

New Grand Jury Chosen—Adolph Neu-  
man Acquitted of Arson—Mandamus  
Proceedings in Pomona Ordin-  
nance Fight.

It was yesterday decided to defer le-  
gal action to oust the old police board  
until after the Council had elected a  
fourth member on the new board. This  
the new commission decided upon after  
a lengthy consultation with Council-  
men and attorneys. If the consent of  
the Attorney-General is obtained to  
quo-warranto proceedings suit will be  
begun in the Superior Court to obtain  
the seats of the old commissioners.

It developed yesterday that the offi-  
cers in the police department may not  
be able to cash their monthly demands  
for pay next month. The Mayor may  
refuse to approve demands that have  
not been passed upon by the old Police  
Commission, and the five Council-  
men may refuse to approve any de-  
mands that have not passed through  
the hands of the new commission.  
City Auditor Carson asserts that in  
either event he will not audit the de-  
mands until assured that they are per-  
fectly regular.

The Park Commission met yesterday  
morning and transacted considerable  
routine business. The boating privi-  
lege at Eastlake Park was let for a  
period of two years. The private boat  
in Westlake Park was disposed of  
at some length by the commissioners.

When Frank Vernon died, in 1897, he  
left his entire estate, valued at \$6,000,  
to his brother, Milton Vernon, dis-  
inheriting his adopted daughter, Mrs.  
Edna Belle Brown, to whom he left  
only \$25. She is contesting the will in  
Judge Mahon's court.

She was drawn in Judge  
Smith's court yesterday to comprise the  
new grand jury.

Adolph Neuman was acquitted of the  
charge of arson yesterday.

An alternative writ of mandamus  
was issued yesterday, upon application  
of Ed. Rives of Pomona, against the  
City Recorder of Los Angeles, directing  
the latter to grant a change of venue  
in an action against Rives for an al-  
leged violation of a municipal liquor  
ordinance.

(AT THE CITY HALL)  
LEGAL ACTION DEFERRED.

RECRUIT AWAITED BY THE NEW  
POLICE COMMISSION.

Final Action to Secure the Places  
of the Old Commissioners Will Not  
Be Taken Until a Successor to  
Thomas Hughes is Appointed—Fire  
Commission Proceedings.

The new board of Police Com-  
missioners has decided to defer legal  
action until next week. After a long  
consultation it has been deemed best  
to wait until a fourth commissioner, to  
succeed Thomas Hughes, has been ap-  
pointed by the Council. The new  
commission professes to have legal  
advice that anything it may decide to do  
as a body will be just as binding now  
as after the fourth commissioner has  
been appointed, but for many reasons  
it has seemed best to the commissioners  
and to the five Councilmen who  
voted to place them in power that action  
be deferred until after the Council  
session on Monday.

Arriving the new commissioner  
from the East, Ward, did not leave for  
the north yesterday, instead, he was seen  
in the afternoon he said that the  
commissioners had decided to post-  
pone action until after the Council  
session on Monday. By that time the  
fourth commissioner, to take the place  
of Thomas Hughes, who did not qualify  
on the new board, will have been ap-  
elected, and Ling will be able to go  
before the Attorney-General represent-  
ing a full board of Police Commissioners.

A complaint setting forth the  
claims of the old commissioners and  
including a transcript of the proceedings  
of the Council was prepared Tues-  
day, but now that it has been decided  
to wait until a fourth commissioner  
has been elected, a new complaint will  
be prepared. When asked how long  
a quo-warranto proceeding ought to take  
in the courts, Ling said that a month or  
six weeks at the outside should suffice  
for a full hearing of the case, and he thought a decision  
could be reached in that period of  
time. Ling said that he did not be-  
lieve that the Attorney-General could  
refuse to bring the proceedings as the  
grounds for action were too strong.

W. B. Scarborough, the man who  
made the strongest fight against  
adopting the Chief's report in the Police  
Commission, was interested re-  
garding the reasons of delay on the part  
of the new commission. Scar-  
borough has all the time claimed  
that he was acting from a purely non-  
partisan standpoint, and for what he be-  
lieved to be the best interests of the  
city. With regard to the postpone-  
ment, he said:

"The community is beyond reproach, and  
whose honesty and integrity cannot be  
doubted. He will also be a Republican.  
The Democrats on the board have not  
the slightest intention of urging the  
claims of any partisan, and the man  
who has the name of being the man  
that the five members of the Council  
have firmly made up their minds to  
carry this thing through, and no back  
steps will be taken. There may be a  
short delay, but the new commission  
will be in power. When this has been  
accomplished, decisive steps will be  
taken to improve the efficiency of  
the police department."

There is little doubt but that the five  
Councilmen have made up their minds  
to maintain the original position in  
the fight between the new and old  
Police Commissions. The Mayor's plan  
of having the commercial bodies of the  
city nominate twelve men, from whom  
the Council should elect four, to set as  
a board of police commissioners does  
not appeal to any of the five  
Councilmen. Messrs. Pierce and  
Lauder expressed themselves opposed to  
the proposition Wednesday, and the other  
three expressed similar sentiments  
yesterday. Councilman Todd  
said that the Council would stand in  
the position which had been taken.  
Councilman Blanchard said that as  
long as there was any nominating of  
police commissioners to be done, the  
Council would do it. Councilman Pessell  
said he did not think that any of the  
Council had ever considered the  
Mayor's proposition seriously.

It is not expected that any further  
sensational developments in the police  
muddle will occur. The new and the old  
commissions will fight the matter  
in the court of law, and the public will  
sufficiently deliberate in settling such  
disputes. Public interest is at present  
at the quiet level regarding the man who  
will be elected to the remaining position  
on the Police Commission. No  
clue to the new member who has yet been  
selected, and the five Councilmen as-  
sert that they do not know to whom  
the position will be offered.

A new phase of the Police Com-  
mission tangle came to light yesterday.  
The regular monthly demands for pay  
in the new commission will be applied  
to the old Police Commission, the Council  
and the Mayor before the City Auditor  
will audit and approve them for pre-  
sentation on the treasury. The officers  
in the department may find themselves  
tossed on the horns of a dilemma  
when they seek their pay next  
month. The five members of the Council  
may refuse to approve any salary  
demands that have not been approved  
by the Board of Police Commissioners  
which they have elected. On the other  
hand, the Mayor may refuse to  
approve any demands that have  
not been passed by the old police  
board.

City Auditor Carson says that no  
matter which one of the boards ap-  
proves the demands, he will refer  
them to the court of law if the matter  
is finally settled. "I cannot afford to en-  
danger my bondsman," said he yester-  
day, "and shall refuse to audit police  
demands unless assured that I am right  
in so doing."

Mr. Ling will go north the first of  
November with carefully-prepared pa-  
pers setting forth the contention of the  
new commissioners. If Atty.-Gen. Ford  
grants his permission, suit will be be-  
gun in the name of the people, and the  
whole question will go to the Superior  
Court for settlement.

PARK COMMISSION MEETS.  
BOATING PRIVILEGE.

At the regular session of the Park  
Commission yesterday morning White  
and Caulfield were awarded the boating  
privilege at East Lake Park for the  
next two years. Only one bid was re-  
ceived in response to the advertisement,  
and the commission had no choice but to accept it or readywrite.  
The bid offered \$310 for the privilege  
during the next two years beginning  
November 1, 1899. When the boating  
privilege at this park was let to the  
same parties two years ago \$425 was  
offered for the same period of time  
covered by the present contract, and  
there was some hesitation yesterday  
about accepting the new bid, as the  
commissioners thought the city should  
receive more money.

John J. White, one of the bidders,  
stated to the commission that his books  
would show that he had made a net  
profit of only \$32 per month during  
the past two years, and that the  
terms of the contract he was obliged to keep  
a man constantly employed and this  
left but \$16 apiece per month. During  
two or three months of the year the  
privilege paid well, but for the other  
nine or ten the boats were almost  
entirely idle. The commission finally de-  
cided to accept the bid.

The Park Superintendent was in-  
structed to purchase two alligators for  
Westlake Park and to construct a  
place for them, the entire expense not  
to exceed \$35. He also instructed  
to have the famous "the Plaza"  
repaired, and to procure estimates for  
an asphaltum and also for a wood floor  
for the Central Park band stand.

Superintendent Gary reported that  
the hothouses for propagating plants  
in East Lake Park were nearly com-  
plete.

The houses were ordered built  
by the commission some time ago. The  
two houses will cost about \$1000. He  
also reported that 3000 square feet of  
new lawn had been put in at Westlake  
Park, along a neck of land on the  
south side.

"Now what do you want to do with  
your property?" asked Travis and Dr.  
Choate.

"I want to leave it all to my brother  
Milt," distinctly whispered the man  
that lay so near to death's door.

Travis, who had been reminded  
of his adopted daughter, and asked  
him if he wasn't going to do something  
for her. Vernon was then told that the  
law required the daughter to be mentioned  
in the will, and \$5 or \$10 further  
averred that Vernon was laboring under  
a false and delusive belief that his  
daughter was estranged from her feelings  
toward him.

Dr. Choate was on the stand all fore-  
noon yesterday. He testified that he  
attended Vernon in his last illness, and  
was compelled to administer laudanum  
and morphine at various times. He  
never allowed his patient to believe that  
he was recovering, but urged him to make a  
will. He died about 5 o'clock on the morning  
of December 20, 1898.

In the evening of the night before  
the execution of the will, it further  
averred that Vernon was laboring under  
a false and delusive belief that his  
daughter was estranged from her feelings  
toward him.

The contest over the will of Frank  
Vernon was on trial before Judge  
Mahon and a jury in Department  
yesterday. Vernon, who owned a home  
in this city, and a small ranch out at  
Azusa, died in Los Angeles on December  
20, 1898, at the age of 48 years. His  
estate is valued at about \$6000.

On December 19, the day before Vernon  
passed away, he made a will. A brother,  
Milton Vernon, was named exec-  
utor, and the subscribing witnesses  
were Dr. J. J. Choate, and G. L. Travis,  
both of this city. On December 28, the  
will was filed for probate. According  
to its terms all decedent's property  
was left to his brother, with the ex-  
ception of \$25, which was given to his  
adopted daughter, Edna Belle Brown.  
It was not long before a contest was  
instigated. The contestant is the  
daughter, Edna Belle Brown. She at-  
taches the will to every quarter. She  
alleges that it is not the last testament  
of her foster father, nor was it signed  
by him or by any person at his direction.  
At the time of its execution, it  
is alleged that Vernon was weak, de-  
bilitated, and deranged to such an  
extent as to incapacitate him from  
undertaking to make a last  
will and testament. These accusations  
are denied by the contestants, and  
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Azusa, died in Los Angeles on December  
20, 1898, at the age of 48 years. His  
estate is valued at about \$6000.

On December 19, the day before Vernon  
passed away, he made a will. A brother,  
Milton Vernon, was named exec-  
utor, and the subscribing witnesses  
were Dr. J. J. Choate, and G. L. Travis,  
both of this city. On December 28, the  
will was filed for probate. According  
to its terms all decedent's property  
was left to his brother, with the ex-  
ception of \$25, which was given to his  
adopted daughter, Edna Belle Brown.  
It was not long before a contest was  
instigated. The contestant is the  
daughter, Edna Belle Brown. She at-  
taches the will to every quarter. She  
alleges that it is not the last testament  
of her foster father, nor was it signed  
by him or by any person at his direction.  
At the time of its execution, it  
is alleged that Vernon was weak, de-  
bilitated, and deranged to such an  
extent as to incapacitate him from  
undertaking to make a last  
will and testament. These accusations  
are denied by the contestants, and  
they claim that the will was executed  
under the direction of Dr. Choate.

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Vernon was on trial before Judge  
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**LORD MAYOR'S SHOW.****LONDON NOT DELIGHTED BY YESTERDAY'S DISPLAY.**

Crowds Were Full of Martial Enthusiasm and Wanted Khaki Uniforms Instead of Those Floats of Antiquity.

The Official Incumbent's Reputation Under a Cloud Which He Says Can Be Dispelled—The Usual Banquet.

**Salisbury Expresses Satisfaction at Existing Relations With America and Intimates a Conquest of the Boers.**

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Nov. 9.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Lord Mayor's show, which marked the induction of A. J. Newton into office, was favored today by exceptionally brilliant weather. Antiquated floats failed to satisfy the London crowds who pour out in enormous numbers to view their martial enthusiasm. The streets were lavishly decorated with flags, but the absence of a detachment of the Household Cavalry, and the substitution of a number of schoolboy brigades, testified to the presence of the veterans at the front. A large van of the Royal Engineers, surrounded by his sons, the Canadian and Australian volunteers, evoked hearty applause, as did the boys of the Duke of York's Royal Military School. The crowds, however, wanted khaki uniforms and refused to be reconciled with the idea of the Boers and other emblem of purely civic power.

In introducing the new Lord Mayor at the law courts this afternoon the Recorder referred to certain charges against Newton in connection with the company promotions, and assured the justices that the Lord Mayor courted the full investigation. The Lord Chief Justice said he had heard the statement with considerable relief, adding that "the community would heartily rejoice when the Lord Mayor had cleared his reputation."

Newton is a director in eight companies, one of which is to be under clouds. One of these companies is described as being so notorious that Justice Wright recently declared it might be necessary to refer it to the attention of the public prosecutor.

DIPLOMACY AND DINING.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, Nov. 9.—At the Guild Hall banquet the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Wolsey, Mr. Ritchie, Lord Hamilton, Lord Lansbury, the Lord Chief Justice, the Earl of Derby, and other members of the minor diplomatics were present. Chamberlain was absent. Lord Salisbury and Lord Wolsey were warmly cheered as they passed from the reception in the library into the banqueting hall. The Lord Mayor proposed "The Ministers" in a speech which he digressed from the "ignorant arrogance of the invader" dwelling on the fact that Sir Alfred Milner, in spite of herculean exertions, was unable to "prevail with the overbearing, corrupt oligarchy, therefore other of our champions have the smallest in hand."

During the course of the banquet, Lord Wolsey announced that orders had been given to mobilize another division for South Africa, and that the government was quite prepared to mobilize a second army corps.

Lord Salisbury, rising at 9:15 o'clock to report to the Lord Mayor, was greeted with intense enthusiasm, prolonged cheering and a general waving of handkerchiefs. The Premier said:

"I have had to answer for many years similar kind receptions in this hall but never before under conditions that just now I am making so confidently to you, sincerely an support in the present grave state of public affairs. Before turning to this serious point, my duty is to inform you that our situation in South Africa is the only part of our relations with other nations to which any term of apprehension can attach."

"For several years our relations with and cordial feelings toward our kinsmen on the other side of the Atlantic have been constantly growing, and though neither we interfere in the affairs of their country, nor they interfere in the affairs of ours, we feel we can always find sympathy and a fair hearing among those who share with us so vast a mission for the advancement of mankind."

"But perhaps you think I am sanguine in saying that on the continent of Europe we have no cause to fear. There are, however, some very notable bits of news among the writers for the foreign press, but I do not believe that the trend of this opinion affects the peoples of foreign nations. I am quite certain it does not affect their government, and I will say that I have noted, as one of the cheering symptoms of the recent time, the happy relations existing between the United States and ourselves. [cheers] and the sympathy with which we watch their approach to the same great problems that we ourselves have had to solve. That is not to say that I do not feel the greatest sympathy with the last government of the kingdom of Spain. We entertain the highest hope that out of that war a blessing in disguise will grow—and an abundant growth—civilization and culture in that ancient and most interesting monarchy."

"This morning you had intelligence of an agreement between ourselves and one of the great continental States with which for many years we have entertained relations of sympathy and friendship beyond others. Samoa is not in itself very important matter, but it was important because it constituted a subject of difference between ourselves and the United States, good will we prize very very highly. I do not know entirely the reason why the German people and government attach so much importance to Apulu, but they do, and we are very glad to find the means whereby, without in the least diminishing the rights and advantages of England, we are able to gratify their views and sentiments."

"The arrangement is somewhat complicated, but roughly it may be said that the Germans had great interests in this island, because they have invested large amounts in cultivation, because they have constructed a great commerce of which they are proud. The islands, therefore, are of great value to them. To us, on the other hand, islands are generally only valuable when they furnish good ports. Apulu furnishes a bad harbor. You will remember the great hurricane when a British man-of-war came, and when German and American men-of-war were driven ashore. Well, in these circumstances we were glad to receive a renunciation of the treaty claim, and right of entry to the other island, Tonga, where there is an admirable harbor. We took the harbor, and Germany took the territory in which for many reasons the Germans are interested."

"I believe we have arrived at a remarkable and remarkable agreement which is agreeably pleasant and advantageous to both powers, but this is interesting particularly because it indicates that at the present moment our

relations with the German people are all we could desire."

"The great subject that interests all of us is the war. It has been fought with so many splendid feats of heroism and skill, but saddened by so many losses. I have great difficulty in dealing with the war, and if I attempted to deal with the future I should be under-taken a task in prophecy from which the human heart would shrink. If I speak at all, it may rather be the depreciation of criticism and statements which I think unfounded than to attempt to pass judgment on what still depends upon the future for its full determination."

"Our failure in the feeling expressed twice or thrice, that the want of troops is due to a want of action on the part of the home government, I would point out that there have been two or three voices. Two or three months ago we were told by the most authoritative voice outside the government that there was no occasion for military preparations. Since then we have been blamed because there were no military preparations. But neither of these criticisms is at all relevant to the events which have been taking place. It has been often said, especially abroad, that there was a strong nation attacking a weak one, but so long as the principal part of our forces is separated by an interval of five or six weeks from the field of action, it would rather be true to say that we are a nation attacking a strong nation. Elements of distance are very essential in this matter."

"It would have been nothing to the purpose to issue proclamations for the reserves some weeks earlier. For what was the cause of the ultimatum? It was not because of any demand we had made. It so happens that at the moment the ultimatum was issued we had withdrawn our demands, and there were no demands before the Transvaal government. It was because we had been accused of having the intent of invading the Transvaal."

"It was because we had withdrawn our demands before the interval of five weeks, and the Transvaal government had been accused of having the intent of invading the Transvaal. But if that had been done a few months sooner, exactly the same result would have taken place. The moment you have shown signs of raising your forces in alliance with the force of South Africa, that moment the ultimatum would have been issued and war would have begun."

"It is not, therefore, right to say that there was not adequate military preparation. The evil did not arise until it dates from these unfortunate arrangements which we deliberately permitted a community, obviously hostile, to enjoy the unbounded, unlimited right of accumulating munitions of war against us. Year after year the accumulation of these munitions was made which could only be directed against us. Hampred by these arrangements, it was impossible that we should avoid the interval of trial and danger necessary to intervene between the moment when war was declared and the moment when our forces could meet contest and appear upon the field."

"That interval has nearly passed. Our troops are beginning to arrive. Foreign nations have complimented us upon the calmness with which we have received the intelligence of these disastrous checks. Whatever strategy there might be, we are well aware that the beginning of our conflict with the Boers must be marked by retirement of our troops from positions that are not strong enough to occupy them. We are not yet strong enough to sustain a sufficient reinforcement. I do not attempt to forecast the future. I only say that my faith in the British soldier is unbounded, and I am deeply gratified to see that he is in the vigorous, bold, hardy hands of General Buller."

"Regarding the future, I will only deprecate some very strange assertions that I see occasionally in the continental press. Only the other day, I saw it asserted, not by a chance writer, but by a man who has been a member of this government, that this war had for its objects the gratification of the lusts of greedy lords, who desired a partition among themselves of the gold and diamonds of the Transvaal. Now, I beg to assure this gentleman that the H. M. Government Cabinet have not had a furlough from the Transvaal or from any other gold fields. There is the Yukon, about which there is no contest. If there had been any chance of our gaining advantages, these Yukon gold fields should have yielded, but to appeal to my friend, Lord Hamilton, to know if the Cabinet ever had a furlough from them [Laughter]."

"I go further. England, as a whole, would have had no advantage from the possession of gold mines except as her government conferred the blessing of their administration upon those engaged in the industry. All industry breeds commerce, and all commerce has produced to the advantage of England, and all the industries and commerce flourish better under her government than under any other régime in the world. But that is the limit of our interest."

"What we desire is equal rights before all men of all races, and security for our fellow-subjects and our empire. This has been asked by what means these results are to be obtained, not yet come, but these are the objects we seek. We do not allow any other consideration to cross our path. I have seen it suggested—and it seems to me a wild suggestion—that the other powers will interfere in our country, and that we are to be other dictated, those who are unconcerned in it as to what its upshot had been. Don't let any man think it is in that fashion the conflict will be concluded. We shall have to carry it through ourselves, and the interference of anybody else would not rest upon us. In the first place, because we would not accept that interference, and in the second place, because we are convinced that there is no such idea in the mind of any government in the world. But that is the limit of our interest."

"For several years our relations with and cordial feelings toward our kinsmen on the other side of the Atlantic have been constantly growing, and though neither we interfere in the affairs of their country, nor they interfere in the affairs of ours, we feel we can always find sympathy and a fair hearing among those who share with us so vast a mission for the advancement of mankind."

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THE  
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MAGAZINE

**THE SUNDAY TIMES**

FOR NOVEMBER 12, 1899.

Will contain all the news, local and general, with bright and well considered editorial comment thereon, and in addition the accompanying Illustrated Weekly Magazine will contain the following and other

**SPECIAL ARTICLES:****WAY DOWN IN GEORGIA.**

Things seen and heard in the New South and comment concerning them, in the author's inimitable style. By Robert J. Burdette.

**SOUTH AMERICA AND THE UNITED STATES.**

An interesting interview with the Minister at Washington from the Argentine Republic. By Frank G. Carpenter.

**ENGLISH MUSCLE.**

A description of the means and methods employed at Aldershot by which Tommy Atkins has his strength developed. By James F. J. Archibald.

**MANHOOD ADVANCING.**

A noted ethnologist shows that man is becoming stronger physically and mentally, and that Americans are farthest advanced of all. By James M. Thompson.

**MR. DOOLEY ON WAR.**

The famous Irishman has a talk with Hennessy concerning the hostilities in South Africa. By F. P. Dunne.

**OUR CHARITIES.**

How the poor and unfortunate are cared for in Los Angeles by various organizations, with several half-tone illustrations. By Bertha H. Smith.

**X-RAY DEVELOPMENTS.**

Another charming story, entitled "The Lucky Deal," from the pen of the author of "Mariopisilla," "The Broad Aisle," etc. By Mrs. Charles Stewart Daggett.

**IN FIELDS OF BLUE.**

An interesting and well-illustrated article descriptive of the culture and manufacture of indigo. By H. Vincent Wallace.

**Egypt in DANGER.**

A possibility that war in South Africa may stop work on the great Nile dams. By a special contributor.

**THE MAN WITH THE HOE IN MEXICO.**

Something about the peons and peonage in our neighboring republic. By J. Torrey Connor.

**THE FALLING STARS.**

Interesting reminiscences of the great meteor shower in 1833. By Noah Smithwick (recently deceased.)

**THE MUSCOVITES.**

The Times correspondent who has been writing from Siberia describes some things which impressed him at Moscow. By William Mitchell Bunker.

**DOUDS OF DIPLOMATICS.**

Congress likely to be called upon to settle a question involving international etiquette. By John Elfreth Watkins, Jr.

**CATALINA ISLAND.**

A delightful fairy story concerning the origin of that charming resort. By Cora M. Williams.

**THE MORNING SERMON.**

A discourse on "Man's Greatness and His Littleness." By the late James Brand, D.D., for twenty-five years pastor of the First Congregational Church, Obsrln, O.

**WOMAN AND HOME.**

Mary Dean's letter descriptive of the latest fashions for women. Young men milliners threaten dangerous competition for women as hat-trimmers. Miss Agnes Weston, the blue-jackets' mother, etc.

**OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.**

A Connecticut Fairy Story—The boy, the bobolink, the butterflies and the bees. Cats and Red Clover—The third number in the Nature Series. Tootsie Willard, the King of Cats, with his picture, etc.

**The Drama—Music and Musicians—Development of the Southwest—Care of the Body—The House Beautiful, etc., etc.**

A GREAT PAPER AND A GREAT MAGAZINE, BOTH FOR ONLY 5 CENTS.

**Hays' Hair Health**

BRAINGS BACK YOUTHFUL COLOR and beauty to gray or white hair. Produces new growth on bald heads and arrests the falling out of the hair. Cures dandruff and scalp trouble. **NOT STAIN SKIN OR LINEN.** For Men and Women. Healthful. Large 50c. Bottles at Druggists.

**POPE SELLS LARGE INTERESTS.**

TIRE COMBINATION.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CLEVELAND (O.) Nov. 9.—Col. A.

Popé, the head of the Pope Manufacturing Company in this city, today gave out the information that yesterday he disposed of the Hartford Pneumatic Tube Company to Charles R. Flint of New York, a successful promoter of combinations. The company owns four large factories. Flint, he said, is buying the bicycle-tire combination, to be called the Rubber Goods Company. Col. Popé said he did not place any reliance in the story from New York that a big combination of bicycle and automobile interests is being formed.

Boiler-makers on a Strike.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 10.—Four hundred men employed at the works of the Sterling Boiler Company at Barberstown, have struck because three union boiler-makers had been discharged.

The Sterling company is engaged on a large contract for Crampes to install

boilers in the new Russian

embassy, now being built at Philadel-

phia, and a protracted strike will be

disastrous, as they must be completed

within a certain time limit.

Two IMPORTANT POINTS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Nov. 10.—As was anticipated, Lord Salisbury, in his speech at the Lord Mayor's dinner last evening, did not practically nothing that would throw light on the ultimate fate of the Boer republic. The speech was of the commenting rather than of the informing order. The important points in his speech were the declaration of a truce and gratification and his references to the friendship of the United States and Germany, and his plain statement that there will be no European intervention.

The Daily News, dwelling at some length on Lord Salisbury's reference to the United States, says: "We are told to bow our heads in shame before

the Boers."

"We believe we have arrived at a remarkable and remarkable agreement which is agreeably pleasant and advantageous to both powers, but this is interesting particularly because it indicates that at the present moment our

**The Greatest Sensation**

Of the Year.

People from all the country round are crowding our store, reaping a harvest of bargains such as never before was offered. The sacrifice of the Lubin stock of over \$20,000 for half that sum is a revelation to everyone. New, fresh goods of the latest styles are being sold



**REAL ESTATE RECORD.**  
**HOUSE AND LOT.****SOME GOOD SALES OF PRODUCTIVE COUNTRY PROPERTY.**

Walnut Orchards Which Yield a Profit of from Ten to Sixteen Per Cent. on the Purchase Price.

The Wexing Oil-boring Proposition and the Duty of Property Owners in the Premises—Flats for Figueroa Street.

Street Improvements—Assessment Lists. Old Los Angeles—Building Record for October—About Paint.

The local real estate business of the past week has been mainly confined to sales of residence property, some country property and trades. There are several important deals pending which may be closed up at any moment, including one in which \$100,000 has been offered for a piece of property.

**COUNTRY LAND.**

As showing the good demand that prevails for productive country property and the confidence of investors in this class of property, the record of one real estate agent is interesting. This agent, A. R. Fraser, has during the past few months made the following sales of improved real estate in this county:

D. C. Lane sold to W. H. Routzahn twenty-two acres of walnut orchard, eight years old, at Fullerton, for \$400 per acre, cash. This purchase is an old resident, who bought the land as an investment.

Mrs. Stithold sold to C. E. Love, twenty-two acres of nine-year-old walnut orchard at Fullerton. The price paid for this property was also \$400 per acre, cash.

The Santa Fe Railroad Company sold to Dr. John Schmitz thirty-five acres of walnut orchard at Fullerton, for \$5000 cash.

This week Robert Northam sold to James Copeland 195 acres at La Mirada, in Orange County, adjoining the celebrated McNally place. Of this land fifty-two acres are in five-year-old walnut orchard, forty acres alfalfa, and forty acres in oranges. The price paid for this property was \$40,000, it involving a trade for the Upham Block on Second street, between Broadway and Hill, a large, two-story, fifty-two, and a half feet, and three broad stories, the property, which belonged to Mr. Northam, being valued at \$45,000. In connection with these sales, Mr. Fraser draws attention to the fact that there are many tracts of land of any of the sizes, also that one of the cases of property paid 16 per cent. net on the purchase price from the last crop, and the others will pay over 10 per cent. It is not surprising to learn that the demand for such property continues active.

**FLATS.**

Another instance which shows the growing confidence of outsiders in Southern California property is furnished by Wright & Callender, the rental agents of this city, who have just contracted to erect for William Imus, a cattlemen of Hackberry, Ariz., two frame buildings on Figueroa street, just below Seventh, on a lot 150 feet front. The building will contain eight modern flats of five rooms each, and will cost \$10,000.

It is not likely that the flat idea will ever become so prevalent here as in the crowded cities of the East, because land is more comparatively cheap, and the mild climate invites the growth of trees and plants and flowers around a cottage. Yet, as the city grows, there will always be found a number of people without families who prefer the convenience of a compact suite of up-to-date modern apartments to a cottage residence.

**THE OIL QUESTION.**

The question of whether to bore or not to bore within the prescribed limit around Westlake Park continues to agitate the residents in that locality to whom it is certainly very much of a bore. A recent court decision, in the case of a Chinese laundry in a residence section, where a Los Angeles judge decided in favor of the laundryman, has given the oil men some encouragement. It is, however, difficult to believe that the municipality has no right to a right in the case of such. The decision goes to show that they may "regulate," but not "restrict," in such cases. According to this, it would be an easy thing for a man to buy a lot in the heart of the most residence section of the city, where extensive improvements are abundant, and then put up a soap factory, or a tannery, or a garbage crematory, and then sit down and wait until the neighboring property-owners decide to offer him about twice the price that he got for his lot. The city might "regulate" the soap factory, or tannery, or garbage crematory, but it could not "restrict" it.

If this is the law in the case, then it is probable that there will be quite a rush on the part of the oil men to build dim houses to get outside of the city limits. Property in the suburbs will boom, and residence property inside the city will go down below zero, especially when, to this drawback, is added the hurry, annoyance, and expense to which the owners of property are often put by the forcing through of unnecessary and expensive street improvements, which often do not improve, but damage the property against which they are assessed. In short, if the handicap on owners of city property is to be removed, the man who invests in such property will soon be regarded by judicious people in much the same light as the man who deliberately runs up against a poker game in the back room of a cigar store.

The whole question is one of such vast and important importance to property-owners in every city of the country, as far as the Times has previously said, it seems incredible that there is no definite court decision on record that would settle the question. It may be that Los Angeles is the first city in the United States to be called upon to decide the question, and that it may be the heart of a residence section, with valuable improvements, but other nuisances have certainly been created—or attempted to be created—in cities, and there should be some decisions which would throw light on the question. In any case, the property owners of Los Angeles should come together to bring the question to an issue, and have it settled once for all, if necessary taking it up as far as the Supreme Court of the United States. As the Times has shown, this is a question which concerns property owners in all parts of the city, and it would be very foolish and short-sighted if those who are not at present affected should hold back and refuse to take an interest. When the homes of citizens on Temple street were being destroyed by the oil well explosion in the Westlake section took little interest in the question. The same is true today of those who live along Figueroa and Adams streets, but they should remember that it may be their turn tomorrow.

Another interesting question in this connection is as to the responsibility of a man who subdivides and places on the

market a residence tract, after guaranteeing, verbally and in writing, that there is no oil beneath it, should oil be discovered.

**WILSHIRE BOULEVARD TRACT.**

In the case of the Wilshire boulevard tract, west of Westlake Park, the title deeds contain a provision against boring for oil. That fine residence street, Wilshire boulevard, is to be extended soon to the city limits, the grading contract having been let. Thus will be carried out the original intent of the Council, at the instance of property-owners in the neighborhood, will probably take steps to prevent the passage of oil wagons over the boulevard, as it is strictly a residence street, besides, there are other thoroughfares open to the oil men on all sides of the boulevard.

**BOYLE HEIGHTS.**

The coming of railroad competition to Boyle Heights has caused a greatly increased demand for property over there. An East-Side paper quotes a real-estate agent as saying that, if there were two hundred modern cottages vacant on the heights, they could be rented without any trouble. The Ninth Ward Improvement Association has been doing good work on the other side of the river.

**ASSESSMENT LISTS.**

The City Assessor has requested the Council to amend the present ordinance regulating the method of listing property assessments. Under the present system, the Assessor is required to keep the assessment rolls with lists of property under proper heads "alphabetically arranged." The Assessor would have the Council cut out the word "alphabetically arranged," and insert a new provision that an index be made. The index itself would be in alphabetical order, showing the name and residence of every property-owner in the city; his post-office address, and the book and page where his property is listed. An arrangement of this kind, the Assessor claims that it would not only diminish the expense of compiling the rolls, but also would save much time and annoyance to the Assessor and his assistants.

**STREET IMPROVEMENTS.**

Death to Bacteria in Catarrh, Malaria, Rheumatism, Blood Disorders, Eruptions, Skin Diseases, Dyspepsia, etc. See testimony of thousands of satisfied ladies and gentlemen. Sold by all druggists in metal box. French Drug Co., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York City.

**RADAM'S Microbe Killer.**

Death to Bacteria in Catarrh, Malaria, Rheumatism, Blood Disorders, Eruptions, Skin Diseases, Dyspepsia, etc. See testimony of thousands of satisfied ladies and gentlemen. Sold by all druggists in metal box. French Drug Co., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York City.

**DR. MARTEL'S BOOK,**

Relief for Women. Best free, in plain sealed envelope. Write to-day for this Book, containing Particulars and Testimonials of DR. MARTEL'S French Female Pills.

**ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.****FOR MEN FREE.****DR. MARTEL'S BOOK,****NO. 2.****DAVID HARUM****CLOTHING TALKS****NO. 2.****DAVID HARUM****CLOTHING TALKS**



# Southern California by Towns and Counties.

## PASADENA.

**GOOD ADDITION TO BE BUILT ON PUBLIC LIBRARY.**

**City Sets Aside Three Thousand Dollars for This Purpose—Death of W. T. Ball, Formerly of Los Angeles and Chicago, Prominent in the Latter City.**

**PASADENA.** Nov. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] Another good thing is coming to Pasadena. A \$3000 addition is to be built on the Public Library. The library is not exactly wealthy, but in independent circumstances, for the city owes it \$3000, which was borrowed from the library fund when the municipality needed money, and has set aside \$3000 to be expended in erecting the new wing. The plan is to build it on the east side of the present fine structure, either of the same green stone, or of stucco, according to the way the architects' plans may coincide with the money on hand. The library as it stands cost \$30,000, and is one of the prettiest buildings of its kind in the city. It is suggested that the floor of the new wing be raised a little above the old floor, and rooms made for a basement for storage purposes. The addition is needed chiefly for a reference room, the library being decidedly lacking in this particular at present. A meeting will be held to be held at once and the details will be decided. Plans will be invited from architects, and the enterprise will go forward without delay. It will not curtail the expenditure for new books, there being other available money for that purpose, \$1000 worth of new books have been bought the past summer.

**DEATH OF W. T. BALL.**

W. T. Ball, formerly of Chicago and Los Angeles, died this evening after an illness which began four years ago. He had been quite active, however, until within the past three or four months. Mr. Ball came to Pasadena from Los Angeles last spring, and moved into a beautiful new mansion on Orange Grove avenue, which he had built. He had lived in Southern California the past year, the most of the time in Pasadena. He was 40 years of age and passed his business life in Chicago, where he engaged in the cooperatorate, in which he succeeded to his father, and accumulated a large competency. He always took an active interest in politics and acquired great influence in the Republican organization in Chicago. For three years he was North Side Assessor. After coming to California he rapidly made a great name, and is now well known in Los Angeles, where he had a house on Twenty-eighth street. He was a man of fine parts and unusually pleasing address, a graduate of Notre Dame College in Indiana. He spoke German fluently, and many accomplishments. He leaves a wife and three young children, with an unusually large circle of admiring friends.

**A SAD SURPRISE.**

Mrs. William Keyser of Dalton, Pa., arrived here today to visit her sister, Mrs. James Swan, and found a shocking telegram awaiting her. Mrs. Keyser had stopped in New Mexico to see her son, and while there she received a letter from her husband telling her that he never had felt so well in his life. During the journey from New Mexico to Pasadena, the telegram came announcing her husband's sudden death, and her sister had to break the news to her an her arrival. Mr. Keyser died alone in his home. He had felt an awful illness upon him, and hurried a boy off for a physician, but when the doctor arrived he found Mr. Keyser dead.

**TOURNAMENT ASSOCIATION.**

A meeting of the new board of directors of the Tournament of Roses Association was held this morning in the Board of Trade rooms. A strong pressure was brought bear on H. R. Mertz and he consented to take the presidency of the association. It was decided that the directors should not be asked to do all the work of getting up the tournament, and that it would be well to employ a general manager at first. A committee was invited to accept the position, but he stated that he had other business arrangements, and furthermore he did not like the proposition. He preferred to work as a citizen. Mr. Weigh advised the directors to employ two good assistants, and carry out the details planned by the directors, and he will meet tomorrow morning to consider the matter. They appointed Dr. F. F. Rowland a committee to select grounds for field sports, to be held in connection with the tournament.

**BILLBOARD TROUBLES.**

Today the City Marshal served a notice on the proprietor of the double-deck billboard at the corner of Marengo avenue and Colorado street, to tear it down, in accordance with the order of the City Council. The owner said it was pretty tough to demolish the structure, so he will Bill it to put it up, but he would see the proprietor of the land and see whether he proposed to let the board stay there or not.

While this agitation has been going on, billboard troubles have broken out in a new place. The outside wall of the Wigwam stable on North Park has been always used for this purpose. A new lease, Mr. Boyd, recently took the stable, and he has been fitting up an office on the Fair Oaks side. He wished to have a window and cut through the wall to make one. He asked the City Marshal that the old billboard frame along demolished his window and boarded up the hole, claiming that he had superior rights, and that no hole should be bored through his billboards, whether the stable was dark or not. The Marshal told him he must adjust his grievance with the owner of the building.

**PASADENA BREVITIES.**

Dr. S. A. Steele, one of the leading men of the Methodist Church, South, gave a Y.M.C.A. course, the Tabernacle this evening, with his lecture on "Home Life in Dixie During the War," which he delivered in Los Angeles this week. A fair-sized audience greeted him and listened to him with great interest for two hours as he drew his pictures of the domestic side of the land of cotton. He was frequently applauded.

The Pasadena Hospital will be opened with a reception to the public Saturday afternoon, from 2 to 6 o'clock, in the Throp-Mandalin Club. It will play, and McCamren will serve punch. The directors say that the response to the call for furnishings has not come up to expectations, and much more in that line is needed.

Attorney C. B. Ladd of Los Angeles, who is in the city to-day, and entered an appeal for his client, E. E. Simonds, who was fined for disturbing a meeting in North Pasadena. Mr. Ladd proposes to get J. L. Breen out of jail on a writ of habeas corpus. Breen was committed for a murderous assault at Santa Ana, and was

Edwin Gawston, the proprietor of the

South Pasadena ostrich farm, has sold 300 birds to A. Pearson, a New York theatrical man, who will place them in different parts of the country.

Benjamin E. Johnson and family of North Pasadena left for the East today. The infant son of Dr. and Mrs. R. G. Shill died this morning.

T. C. Stem, employed on the Hopkins Block, fell from the second story to the ground yesterday and was injured about the head.

A two-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. S. P. McPherson died today at their home on Lincoln avenue, North Pasadena.

The cross civil suits between D. W. Herlihy and C. S. Nelson have been settled in favor of Mr. Herlihy.

Mr. and Mrs. K. H. Field of Redlands arrived here today, and are at the Hotel Grande.

The Woman's Relief Corps gave an oyster supper in G.A.R. Hall this evening.

Mr. D. Webster, formerly of the firm of Gardner & Webster, late manager of Jacoby Bros. Pasadena branch, is now with Jacoby Bros. 123 to 138 North Spring street, Los Angeles.

Dorman's new dry goods store will have their formal opening Saturday afternoon and evening. Music by the "Walk system" scallops, cookies, salmon, shad, halibut; anything you want, at Halsted's Union Market, 16 South Fair Oaks.

McCament will have something new for you in the way of a special sale Saturday.

How the Pacific Laundry is gaining business!

**SANTA MONICA.**

**CARNATIONS GROW WELL.**

**SANTA MONICA.** Nov. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] The experiments in carnation culture in Ocean Park, which have been going on for several months seem to have been successful. E. J. Vawter, Sr., has about an acre set out with the fragrant flowers and the carnations on a part of the ground are blossoming. He has been pleating white, pink and cardinal blossoms and supposing that the flowers in Angeles park for the past six weeks. The yield at present amounts to not far from a thousand blossoms a week, and it is expected that after a few months it will have increased to several times that amount.

**CEMETERY IMPROVEMENTS.**

A committee consisting of J. J. Carroll, A. M. Gardiner and T. H. James, has presented to the City Trustees a report showing in detail the estimated expenses of some important improvements in connection with the new cemetery. The grading of the avenue in the cemetery, the planting of ornamental trees and shrubs along those driveways and paths have been ordered. The grading of Fourteenth street from Utica avenue to Front street and the planting of ornamental trees along that street, as to make a handsome driveway from town to the cemetery are contemplated.

**SANTA MONICA BREVITIES.**

Mrs. Dyke and family and Mr. Joslyn and family of Woodstock, Ill., have taken cottage quarters for the winter.

Robert M. Miller and bride returned today from Milton, Iowa.

The old wharf built by the Santa Fe Railway Company in front of Ocean Park several years ago is being repaired by the new public road of Los Angeles. Several other recent transfers of real estate in Ocean Park are reported.

Santa Monica has reason for having more than ordinary interest in the war in South Africa. H. Y. Young is an uncle of Capt. W. H. Young, member of General Pomeroy's Regiment, which is marching from Tuli to the relief of Mafeking. Mr. Young is also understood to be a distant relative of Gen. White, commanding the British forces at Ladysmith. E. H. Grasset of Santa Monica, a cousin of Gen. White, who fought at Glencoe.

**REDLANDS.**

**A LYNX SHOT IN THE CITY.**

**REDLANDS.** Nov. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] One not familiar with the region might conclude that Redlands is a rough frontier town were to be told that lynx and coyotes are found within the city limits, yet it is true that these beasts are found within the city, attracted hither by the poultry raised by the citizens. This morning Harry Lauterborn killed a fine specimen of lynx on Lugonia avenue, in the northern part of town. He was out about the vineyard with a shotgun when he observed the animal at a distance of about fifty yards, and fired at it. The lynx sprang high into the air, and on alighting struck out for the boy. Lauterborn did not stop the animal. The situation looked serious for the boy, but the faithful dog put in an appearance and held the lynx at bay until the gun could be reloaded. Lauterborn then killed the animal. It was a fine specimen, and attracted much attention when shown in town. A number of large coyotes have been seen in the city.

**HOUSE-NUMBERING AGAIN.**

The City Trustees are awakening to the fact that their agreement with Uncle Sam in regard to the mail service appeal for free mail delivery has not been carried out on their part. They promised to have the houses within the district to be covered by carriers, all properly numbered. Steps were taken to secure this, to the extent of passing an ordinance—which provided that the numbers should be placed on the houses in a sum of \$1 to \$100, but it was not enforced. Within a few days past the matter has been agitated again, and now the city authorities are taking action. They have put a man in the field to ascertain just the condition of the numbering and to report the numbers needed and see that they are promptly put upon the residences and business blocks.

**PARENTS AND BABY INJURED.**

**LONG BEACH.** Nov. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] P. E. Hatch, a prominent citizen and banker of this place, with his wife and baby were thrown from a buggy while driving in the neighborhood of Watson's Creamery, about four miles from this place this afternoon. The horse took flight at steam being blown off from a boiler at the creamery and turned so suddenly that the occupants were pitched out. Mr. Hatch struck his head on a post in his fall, but upon getting up the horse dashed down the hill. Mrs. Hatch was unconscious when found, and the baby had its ankle broken. They were removed to their residence. The extent of Mr. and Mrs. Hatch's injuries are not at present known, but it is feared they were injured internally.

The new golf links of the Casa Linda Hotel are now open and are surrounded by golf experts as being the finest in this section of the country. The new links were laid out under the personal direction of Thomas H. Arnold, editor of the Western Golfer, Chicago, and the present place will be used as a club house but by next year a house will be built on the grounds. It is the intention of the management of the hotel to form a golf club, so that the people of the town, as well as the guests of the hotel, may enjoy the privileges of the links.

## ORANGE COUNTY.

**TWELVE-YEAR-OLD BOY IN JAIL FOR HORSE-STEALING.**

Hired an Animal, Took it to Los Angeles, Had a Good Time, and Failed to Return—Confessed the Trick—Term Trial Jurors—Nine Carloads of Fruit and Nuts.

SANTA ANA, Nov. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] The annual inspection of Southern California Commandery, No. 37, Knight Templars, occurred this evening at a stated conclave, when the Order of the Red Cross was conferred upon a candidate, R. E. Grand Commander John F. Merrill of San Francisco and V. E. Deputy Grand Commander Frederick Miller of Fresno were present and witnessed the work. After the meeting refreshments were served and toasts responded to.

**POMONA BREVITIES.**

J. P. Storrs has been elected secretary of the Consolidated Water Company.

The regular monthly gold medal shoot of the Pomona Gun Club was held yesterday afternoon. C. S. Gilbert made the highest score, breaking twenty-two bird rocks.

One has been born to the wife of U. E. White.

The ladies of the Unitarian Church gave a chrysanthemum fair at the church parlors this afternoon and evenings. Refreshments were served and a musical program was given.

Ferdinand Davis is building an addition to his home on Pasadena street.

The Fraternal Brotherhood held a meeting at McCormick Hall this evening and twenty new members were initiated.

**SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.**

**NATIONAL IRRIGATION FAVORED.**

**SAN BERNARDINO.** Nov. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Supervisors have adopted a resolution, instructing the five delegates from this county to the irrigation convention, to be held next week at San Francisco, to make effort to have the convention act in harmony with the National Irrigation Convention.

**THE BINGHAM CASE.**

The forgery, with which ex-Deputy Sheriff Bingham has been charged by the grand jury, was alleged signs of the name of Frank W. Burns, and was under the doctor's constant care Tuesday.

Tuesday night Samuel Gibbs of the Buckingham remained with Mr. Schaefer. Toward morning the patient said he was all right and for Gibbs to go to bed. Three hours later the stranger was discovered resting on the side of the bed in a sitting position, dead. He had been dead two hours at least.

A letter just written to his family by the deceased was found among his effects. In the letter he expressed his belief that he was unable to recover and so went last evening to advise his wife and children. He had \$215 in cash and papers, showing large bank accounts in Colorado banks which indicate that the deceased was a man of means.

The body will be shipped to Trinidad for interment in compliance with directions received by Coroner Woodward.

**GOLDEN CROSS MINE.**

The application of Receiver Isaac Trumbo of the Golden Cross Mining Company for permission to erect a cyanide plant in connection with the legacy of \$500 left by Mrs. Kuhn to her brother, William Jereslaw; as also to the naming in the will of Jereslaw as guardian of two daughters of the deceased Susan and Maria Johnson.

**HORTICULTURAL COMMISSION.**

The October expense of the Horticultural Commission amounted to \$84.44. Twelve inspectors were employed, at a cost of \$163.14. The salaries of the three commissioners amounted to \$186. Eleven hundred trees were sprayed for black and brown scale, and 213 trees were fumigated for red scale.

**FINANCES OF THE CITY.**

The City Clerk, Charles M. Saiter, William Crowther, A. Barrows, Thomas M. Flippin, A. J. Thomas, F. M. Gist, Henry C. Call, J. W. Dunn, Robert Horace Cogburn, Samuel Armor, Daniel Boyd, Horace Salter, Alex Wright, Jonathan Snow, Joseph A. Scarritt, Franklin A. Ward, James C. Gregg, George T. Havens, Andrew J. Timmons, D. C. Reeder, A. S. Bither, E. Niles, W. B. Atz, C. C. W. Thomas, W. J. Cole, John E. Sharpe, T. J. Mullinx, G. W. Brown, James Sheep.

**COURTHOUSE PLANS REJECTED.**

The failure of the Board of Supervisors to properly advertise for bids for furnishing plans and specifications for the new courthouse, together with the scandal following the acceptance of the plans of Parkinson & Bradshaw of Los Angeles, yesterday resulted in all the plans before the board being rejected. In view of the fact that two members of the board testified that they had been offered money, one \$400 and the other \$500, to vote for the Parkinson & Bradshaw plans, and F. W. Harding of this city was named as the architect of the new courthouse, the commissioners declined to accept the plans of the Parkinson & Bradshaw firm.

**RIVERSIDE COUNTY.**

**BADLY MIXED-UP COUDWELL.**

**BINGHAMTON.** Nov. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] Two persons were instantly killed and one was fatally injured in a collision on a crossing here today between a trolley car and a Delaware, Lackawanna and Western milk train.

The motorman, who was fatally injured, claims that the car got beyond his control. The trolley car was wrecked and two passengers, a middle-aged woman and Kennedy, who resided in Scott, N. Y., and a young man named Newell, of Homer, were killed.

**ISRH NIGHT AT THE FAIR.**

The will of the late Mrs. Kuhn, disposing of \$30,000 worth of property to the city, was filed yesterday. The will was already filed by Pauline Fox and Sophia Kuhn, sisters-in-law of the deceased, who object to the legacy of \$500 left by Mrs. Kuhn to her brother, William Jereslaw; as also to the naming in the will of Jereslaw as guardian of two daughters of the deceased Susan and Maria Johnson.

**MURKIN'S PLATE.**

**ARTESIAN WELL CASING, STEEL WATER PIPE, TANKS, ETC.**

**THOMPSON & BOYLE CO., MRS. 310-314 REQUENA ST.**

**PHONE M. 157.**

**WE CURE ALL FORMS OF DISEASES.**

**NOTES AND PERSONALS.**

**HOTEL DEL CORONADO, NO. 9.**—[Regular Correspondence.] Mrs. B. H. McCalla, wife of Capt. McCalla of the U.S.S. Newark, who has leased the Thomson cottage on Loma avenue for the present season, arrived at Coronado last evening, accompanied by her daughters, Miss McCalla and Mrs. W. G. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. D'Acheul and Mrs. Rumley compose a party of prominent Montana tourists arriving at the hotel this week for an extended sojourn.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Burns of Santa Anna, guests at the hotel month.

Miss Dixie and Miss Dixon, who have been at Coronado during the past six months, went to Los Angeles today, where they will remain some time before leaving for Boston, where they expect to spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Trout and Mrs. I. Smith, recently from Los Angeles and the north.

## City Briefs.

**TOWN FULL OF THIEVES.**  
GUARD AGAINST THEM.

To regular readers of The Times is offered a beautiful and valuable book containing a collection of one hundred of the best cartoons selected from all which have appeared in The Times during the last two years. The conditions upon which this handsome book will be given free are that subscribers pay for the Daily and Sunday papers one year in advance. The book is handsomely bound, and printed on steel-leaf paper, and will be a prepared reader, and will be a valuable and ornamental addition to any family library.

Charitable people who intend making contributions of clothing or food to the Good Samaritan, 135 East Seventh street, are warned against turning such gifts over to unauthorized persons. At least one such is known to be fraudulently claiming to represent that worthy charitable institution and soliciting contributions.

The Times business office, open all night, and others, news, etc., will be ready up to 12 m. Small display announcements may be sent in up to that hour, but large display ads cannot be attractively set if brought in later than 8:30 p.m. Telephone main 29.

A cage was stolen from a African King's men on exhibition at Westlake Park. They will remain there two weeks or longer and can be seen by the public at any time from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. The lions are owned by Mme. Schell.

Owing to an overstock, I shall greatly reduce the prices of all my fine imported millinery for the next few days. Miss Mary Mason, Nouvelle, 222 W. Third street, Bradbury building.

Dr. E. V. Van Norman has changed his residence from 28th st. to Westminster Hotel. Phone James 57; office as formerly, 545 S. Broadway.

The Times' job office has removed temporarily, while the new building is being erected, to basement of The Times Building.

Pine Tree State meeting tonight, 3394 S. Broadway. Maine people invited. Musical programme and annual election.

All kinds plain machine composition at 30 cents per thousand ems, standard measure, at The Times job office.

The Howard watch has arrived for the Centennial. We have it now.

Fine cabinet photos reduced to \$1.50 per doz.—Sunbeam, 236 S. Main st.

Genuine Turkish rugs just received; low prices. N. Balda & Bros., 122 W. 4th.

Furs remodeled. D. Bonoff, 247 S. Bldy.

The board of directors of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association will hold its semi-monthly meeting tonight at the association rooms.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for J. H. Whipple, W. W. Stow, H. J. Burwell, C. A. Colling, T. J. Eubanks and C. W. Sayre.

The meeting of the Sunday-school Superintendents' Association of Los Angeles, which was to have been held this evening, has been postponed till November 24.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States District Court yesterday by Mrs. J. N. Braden, a restaurant-keeper of Pasadena. The petitioner schedules liabilities of \$880 and assets amounting to \$190.

The lecture by Rev. A. J. Frost on "Fourteen Fatal Gaps in the Theory of Evolution," which was to have been given at the University Methodist Episcopal Church, was rescheduled, and has been postponed on account of sickness. The lecture will be given at a later date, but no time has been set.

Rabbi Dr. S. Hecht of Congregation B'nai B'rith, will deliver his inaugural address at the Synagogue Friday evening, Nov. 10, 8 p.m. Rabbi Hecht will tender a reception to the children of the Sabbath school and to their parents Sunday morning, November 12, at 10 o'clock, in the auditorium of the Synagogue.

Tickets for the symphony concerts are in great demand, more than half the house already being sold. The first of the series will be given on December 1, the second following on the 27th of the month. Prices now on the reservation and tickets to be given to the subscribers and the owners of seats are hurriedly to the scene of the trouble, which is on the upper end of the reservation. Troops are also on the way to the scene of the trouble. The herder is in the guardhouse at the post.

**ANGELINO IN THE EAST.**  
W. C. Patterson, writing from Chillicothe, O., says: "I am having a glorious time in the Buckeye State, but there is here no climate like that of Southern California, and no newspaper in my opinion equal to The Times." Mr. Patterson is visiting Washington, New York and other eastern cities before returning to Los Angeles.

**FLOODS THE STREET.**  
ZANJA BREAKS.  
The Main-street zanja got stopped up in some way last night, and as a result Jefferson street was flooded for some distance. The water began to overflow early in the evening, and several attempts were made to discover the cause. The zanja was evidently clogged near the intersection with the Jefferson-street zanja, but just what the matter was could not be discovered. The police were sent for, and they in turn tried to find the zanjero, but without success.

The water ran for some time, and so rapidly that Jefferson street was two feet under water in some places. The water ran as far west as Grand avenue. This caused great inconvenience to teams and pedestrians.

**PERSONAL.**

George W. Turner, a San Francisco insurance man, is a guest at the West-minster.

F. A. Snyder, the contractor who built the immense sugar factory at Exnard, is registered with his wife at the Ramona.

Mr. Ruth E. Gould of Chicago has returned to Los Angeles after a brief southern trip in the interest of art education in the public schools.

Alexander Crow, horticultural quarantine inspector of the State, is registered with his wife at the Hotel Riviera yesterday on business.

Superior Judge D. K. Trask, who has been trying a case from the bench in San Bernardino county for several days past, returned yesterday.

**Laborer's Sudden Death.**

Worrell was received last night to the effect that he had died at the ranch, between Calabasas and Encino. He died suddenly during the day. The cause of his death was not stated. Deputy Coroner Strubel will bring the body to this city today, and an inquest will be held tomorrow.

**The Wave of Prosperity.**

Further details concerning the general industrial and business conditions in Southern California have been gathered by The Times, and will be published tomorrow morning. The same story of activity and improved conditions is told by the facts obtained in the course of the investigation.

**WATCHES cleaned, \$25; mainsprings, \$25; crystals, \$1.50. 225 North Spring street.**

**WELL PREDICTED.**

Since the last rainfall the grass has grown four inches on the foothills. They all look great. The prospect for a winter crop is very bright. Picnic Eastern tourists are arriving every day. On the strength of this the prices have been reduced on the very best of the goods. The Royal Hotel, the Royal Restaurant, between First and Second on Spring street, where you will find fine class meals and quick service.

## TOWN FULL OF THIEVES.

GUARD AGAINST THEM.

Owing to the unusually large number of thieves and hobos now in the city, people should not leave their houses alone when it can be avoided, as the sneak-thieves are continually prowling around, both day and night, watching for an opportunity to enter. In some cases houses are entered while the occupants are at home, and more than ordinary caution should be exercised against leaving valuables where they are easily accessible to the sneaks. In addition to the many recent thefts from houses, several hold-ups on the streets at night have been reported to the police.

The officers are kept busy watching the new arrivals in the city, and many disreputable characters are arrested on suspicion or charges of vagrancy. In this way many of them are kept moving, as they are glad to promise to leave the city if allowed to go. In some instances the officers, by arresting suspicious characters, have been able to catch those who were wanted for offenses committed. Bowen, the man who was held to answer by Justice Austin on Wednesday on a charge of burglarizing the residence of Mrs. W. C. Stuart, was arrested in this manner.

William Mason, a one-armed all-red peddler, and Thomas Rector, were arrested on the last night by Policeman Ziegler. Jim Gallagher, a mulatto, was sent in from River Station by Special Officer Yates of the Southern Pacific Company. When Gallagher arrived at the City Jail it was necessary to send him to the hospital, receiving his wound on the back, while in attempting to have a wound on his head dressed. Gallagher told the hospital attendants that he was walking near the railroad depot, when a man slipped up behind him, struck him on the head with a piece of iron and then handed him over to a policeman. Later a man who saw the event, and who was entering a window, who got in through a side window. The sleeping-rooms were completely ransacked, but nothing is missing, so far as known last night, except an alligator pocketbook containing \$3 in silver and two papers of needles.

Burns reported last night that he had recovered his gun, which he lost at the southeast corner of Spring and Fifth streets. A detective accompanied him out to see if they could catch the thief.

Yesterday afternoon a small colored boy, 9 years old, giving the name of Henry Hennessy, offered a reward of \$100 for the recovery of an revolver of George Mayer, Junction of Broadway and Main street. He said his father had sent him out to sell the wheel for \$20. Mayer telephoned to Williamson Bros. to inquire about the wheel, and was told that it had been reported stolen. The boy was sent to the police station where the police were investigating as the wheel was stolen at noon from the Twenty-eighth-street schoolhouse. It belongs to the son of C. S. Hogan, No. 787 East Washington street.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES.**  
The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Harry Ashton Shelton, aged 35, a native of California, and Paul West Harbison, aged 25, a native of Kentucky; both residents of Los Angeles.

Joel L. Guldin, aged 33, a native of Pennsylvania, and a resident of Forest Hill, Ariz., and M. Mary Elizabeth Fudge, aged 26, a native of Virginia and a resident of Covington, Va.

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**FLOODS THE STREET.**  
ZANJA BREAKS.

The Main-street zanja got stopped up in some way last night, and as a result Jefferson street was flooded for some distance. The water began to overflow early in the evening, and several attempts were made to discover the cause. The zanja was evidently clogged near the intersection with the Jefferson-street zanja, but just what the matter was could not be discovered. The police were sent for, and they in turn tried to find the zanjero, but without success.

The water ran for some time, and so rapidly that Jefferson street was two feet under water in some places. The water ran as far west as Grand avenue. This caused great inconvenience to teams and pedestrians.

**PERSONAL.**

George W. Turner, a San Francisco insurance man, is a guest at the West-minster.

F. A. Snyder, the contractor who built the immense sugar factory at Exnard, is registered with his wife at the Ramona.

Mr. Ruth E. Gould of Chicago has returned to Los Angeles after a brief southern trip in the interest of art education in the public schools.

Alexander Crow, horticultural quarantine inspector of the State, is registered with his wife at the Hotel Riviera yesterday on business.

Superior Judge D. K. Trask, who has been trying a case from the bench in San Bernardino county for several days past, returned yesterday.

**Laborer's Sudden Death.**

Worrell was received last night to the effect that he had died at the ranch, between Calabasas and Encino. He died suddenly during the day. The cause of his death was not stated. Deputy Coroner Strubel will bring the body to this city today, and an inquest will be held tomorrow.

**The Wave of Prosperity.**

Further details concerning the general industrial and business conditions in Southern California have been gathered by The Times, and will be published tomorrow morning. The same story of activity and improved conditions is told by the facts obtained in the course of the investigation.

**WATCHES cleaned, \$25; mainsprings, \$25; crystals, \$1.50. 225 North Spring street.**

**WELL PREDICTED.**

Since the last rainfall the grass has grown four inches on the foothills. They all look great. The prospect for a winter crop is very bright. Picnic Eastern tourists are arriving every day. On the strength of this the prices have been reduced on the very best of the goods. The Royal Hotel, the Royal Restaurant, between First and Second on Spring street, where you will find fine class meals and quick service.

## BISHOP'S

Do you like Chocolates? Good Chocolates. Where is the girl that doesn't? Try a box of Bishop's Rubidoux

Chocolates.

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Vichy & Kissense Salts— to reduce flesh, 25c. for

Perfume, new odors, 35c.

Pozona Powder, 30c.

Medicinal Cures—

sample free, 25c.

Rabbit Oil—

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Indian Cream—

25c.

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Pay two or three prices for staple and fancy groceries when they can get the best here at prices like these:

Today and Tomorrow

Cut Prices.

Large California Prunes— 25c

6 lbs. for.....

Italian Prunes— 25c

Extra large; 3 lbs. for.....

Full Quart Fancy Jug— 69c

Whisky—Very fine.....

Fresh Eggs— 24c

Per dozen.....

Smoked Beets— 5c

Large and fat.....

Pure Jellies— 9c

Glass jars all kinds.....

Pure Strawberry Jam— 10c

Porcelain pots; large size.....

Best Soda Crackers— 6c

Per lb.....

Seeded Raisins— 8c

1 lb package.....

California Olives— 10c

Per quart.....

Bailey's Pure Matto Whisky— 49c

Grippe; per bottle.....

Curtis Bros' Blue Label— 19c

Catsup—Per bottle.....